## 6.1 STEEL STRUCTURES DESIGN

L T P Period/Week 6 0 0

**RATIONALE** 

This subject is an applied engineering subject. Diploma holders in Civil Engineering will be required to supervise steel construction and fabrication. He may also be required to design simple structural elements, make changes in design depending upon availability of materials. This subject thus deals with elementary design principles as per BIS code of practice IS: 800

## DETAILED CONTENTS THEORY

1. Structural Steel and Sections:

(03 periods)

- 1.1 Properties of structural steel as per IS Code
- 1.2 Designation of structural steel sections as per IS handbook and IS:800-2007
- 2. Riveted Connections:

(11 periods)

Types of rivets, permissible stresses in rivets, types of riveted joints, specifications for riveted joints as per IS 800. Failure of a riveted joint. Assumptions in the theory of riveted joints. Strength and efficiency of a riveted joint. Design of riveted joints for axially loaded members.

3. Welded connections:

(07 periods)

Types of welds and welded joints, advantages and disadvantages of welded joints design of fillet and butt weld. Plug and slot welds (Descriptive No numerical on plug and slot welds)

4. Tension Members

(17 periods)

Analysis and design of single and double angle section tension members and their rivetted and welded connections with gusset plate as per IS:800

5. Compression Members

(17 periods)

Analysis and design of single and double angle sections compression members (struts) and their rivetted and welded connections with gusset plate as per BIS:800

6. Roof Trusses (07 periods)

Form of trusses, pitch of roof truss, spacing of trusses, spacing of purlins, connection between purlin and roof covering. Connection between purlin and principal rafter (no design, only concept)

- 7. Columns: (11 periods)
  - 7.1 Concept of buckling of columns, effective length and slenderness ratio, permissible stresses in compression as per IS:800 for different end conditions. Analysis and Design of axially loaded single section steel column
- 8. Beams (11 periods)

Analysis and design of single section simply supported laterally restrained steel beams.

- 9 Fabrication and Erection of Steel Structures like trusses, columns and girders (06 periods)
- 10 Masonry structures Design of brick column and wall foundations (06 periods)

## **Important Note:**

Use of IS: 800 and Steel Tables are permitted in examination.

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teachers are expected to give simple problems for designing various steel structural members. For creating comprehension of the subject, teachers may prepare tutorial sheets, which may be given to the students for solving. It would be advantageous if students are taken at construction site to show fabrication and erection of steel structures. IS:800 may be referred along with code for relevant clauses

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Duggal SK, "Design of Steel Structures" by Standard Publishers, Delhi
- 2. Birinder Singh, "Steel Structures Design and Drawing", Kaption Publishing House, Ludhiana
- 3. Ram Chandra, "Design of Steel Structures", Standard Publishers, Delhi
- 4. LS Negi, "Design of Steel Structure" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 5. S Ramamurthan, "Design of Steel Structures",
- 6 Harbhajan Singh ,"Design and Drawing of Steel Structures" , Abhishek Publishing, Chandigarh
- 7 IS Code: 800-2007

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Periods)	Marks Allotted
		(%)
1	03	03
2	11	12
3	07	08
4	17	17
5	17	17
6	07	08
7	11	12
8	11	13
9	06	05
10	06	05
Total	96	100

## 6.2 EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

L T P

Periods/Week 4 -

## **RATIONAL**

Diploma holders in civil engineering have to supervise construction of various earthquake resistant buildings. Therefore, the students should have requisite knowledge regarding terminology of earthquake and the precautions to be taken while constructing earthquake resistant buildings

## **DETAILED CONTENTS**

1. Elements of Engineering Seismology

(12 periods)

General features of tectonic of seismic regions. Causes of earthquakes, Seismic waves, earthquake size (magnitude and intensity), Epicentre, Seismograph, Classification of earthquakes, Seismic zoning map of India, Static and Dynamic Loading, Fundamental period.

2. Seismic Behaviour of Traditionally-Built Constructions of India (08 periods)

Performance of building during earthquakes and Mode of failure (Out-of-plane failure, in-plane failure, Diaphragm failure, Connection failure, Non-structural components failure)

- 3. Special construction method, tips and precautions to be observed while planning, designing and construction of earthquake resistant building. (10 periods)
- 4. Introduction to IS: 4326, IS: 13828, IS: 1893(Part 1), 154326 and IS: 13920 (latest edition) (08 periods)
- 5. Seismic Provision of Strengthening and Retrofitting Measures for Traditionally-Built Constructions, Brick and RCC Structures (10 periods)
- 6. Provision of reinforcement detailing in masonry and RC constructions (08 periods)
- 7. Disaster Management: Disaster rescue, psychology of rescue, rescue workers, rescue plan, rescue by steps, rescue equipment, safety in rescue operations, debris clearance and casuality management. (08 periods)

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The student may be taken for visit to various building construction sites where precautions related to earthquake resistant construction are being taken so that the students may appreciate the importance of the subject.

## RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Elements of Earthquake Engineering by Jai Krishana and AR Chandersekaran; Sarita Parkashan, Meerut.
- 2. Manual Published by Earthquake Engineering department, IIT Roorkee / IIT Kanpur
- 3. IS 13920, IS: 13827, IS: 13828, IS 1893, IS 4326 (latest edition)
- 4 Singh, Harbhajan "Earthquake Resistant Building Construction" Abhishek Publishers, Chandigarh

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Periods)	Marks Allotted (%)
1	12	19
2	08	15
3	10	17
4	08	10
5	10	19
6	08	08
7	08	12
Total	64	100

# 6.3 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTS AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

L T P

Periods/Week 6 - -

## **RATIONALE**

This is an applied civil engineering subject. The subject aims at imparting basic knowledge about construction planning and management, site organisation, construction labour, control of work progress, inspection and quality control, accidents and safety and accounts.

## DETAILED CONTENTS THEORY

#### **CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT:**

- 1. Introduction: (06 periods)
  - 1.1 Significance of construction management
  - 1.2 Main objectives of construction management and overview of the subject
  - 1.3 Functions of construction management, planning, organising, staffing, directing, controlling and coordinating, meaning of each of these with respect to construction job.
  - 1.4 Classification of construction into light, heavy and industrial construction
  - 1.5 Stages in construction from conception to completion
  - 1.6 The construction team: owner, engineer, architect and contractors, their functions and inter-relationship
- 2. Construction Planning:

(12 periods)

- 2.1 Importance of construction planning
- 2.2 Stages of construction planning
  - Pre-tender stage
  - Contract stage
- 2.3 Scheduling construction works by bar charts
  - Definition of activity, identification of activities
  - Preparation of bar charts for simple construction work

- Preparation of schedules for labour, materials, machinery and finances for small works
- Limitations of bar charts
- 2.4 Scheduling by network techniques
  - Introduction to network techniques; PERT and CPM, differences between PERT and CPM terminology
- 3. Organization:

(06 periods)

- 3.1 Types of organizations: Line, line and staff, functional and their characteristics
- 4. Site Organization:

(06 periods)

- 4.1 Principle of storing and stacking materials at site
- 4.2 Location of equipment
- 4.3 Preparation of actual job layout for a building
- 4.4 Organizing labour at site
- 5. Construction Labour:

(08 periods)

- 5.1 Conditions of construction workers in India, wages paid to workers
- 5.2 Important provisions of the following Acts:
  - Labour Welfare Fund Act 1936 (as amended)
  - Payment of Wages Act 1936 (as amended)
  - Minimum Wages Act 1948 (as amended)
- 6. Control of Progress:

(04 periods)

- 6.1 Methods of recording progress
- 6.2 Analysis of progress
- 6.3 Taking corrective actions keeping head office informed
- 6.4 Cost time optimization for simple jobs Direct and indirect cost, variation with time, cost optimization

7. Inspection and Quality Control:

(08periods)

- 7.1 Need for inspection and quality control
- 7.2 Principles of inspection
- 7.3 Stages of inspection and quality control for
  - Earth work
  - Masonry
  - RCC
  - Sanitary and water supply services
- 8. Accidents and Safety in Construction:

(10 periods)

- 8.1 Accidents causes and remedies
- 8.2 Safety measures for
  - Excavation work
  - Drilling and blasting
  - Hot bituminous works
  - Scaffolding, ladders, form work
  - Demolitions
- 8.3 Safety campaign and safety devices

#### ACCOUNTS

9. Public Work Accounts:

(20 periods)

Introduction, technical sanction, administrative approval, allotment of funds, reappropriation of funds bill, contractor ledger, measurement book running and final account bills complete, preparation of bill of quantities (BOQ), completion certificate & report, hand receipt, aquittance roll. Muster Roll labour, casual labour roll-duties and responsibility of different cadres, budget-stores, returns, account of stock, misc. P.W. advances T & P – verification, survey report, road metal material charged direct to works, account - expenditure & revenue head, remittance and deposit head, definition of cash, precaution in custody of cash book, imprest account, temporary advance, treasury challan, preparation of final bills. Students must learn to prepare accounts register, stock register.

10. Entrepreneurship Development

(14 periods)

10.1 Introduction

Entrepreneur-entrepreneurship, its meaning & importance. Qualities of an entrepreneur. Entrepreneur Motivation Training

10.2 Financing Agencies:

Financing agencies for land, infra structure, machinery, raw material, import of raw material and machinery. Role and function of Govt. department connected with the development of industries/business ventures in the State.

## 10.3 Industrial Legislation and taxes:

Industrial and labour laws, production tax, local tax, sales tax, excise duty and income tax.

## 10.4 Project Report:

Component of project report – Land building, electricity, water, equipment and other utilities. Materials, its availability, cost, labour availability and wage rates. Project report preparation, provisional registration and plan of acquiring finance from proper source (financing agencies).

#### INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This is highly practice-based course and efforts should be made to relate process of teaching with direct experiences at work sites. Participation of students should be encouraged in imparting knowledge about this subject. To achieve this objective the students should be taken to different work sites for clear conception of particular topics, such as site organization, inspection of works at various stages of construction and working of earth moving equipment

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Harpal Singh, "Construction Management and Accounts", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company., New Delhi
- 2. Peurifoy, RL, "Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods", McGraw Hill, Tokyo
- 3. Singh, Harbhajan "Construction Project Management" Abhishek Publishers, Chandigarh
- 4. Verma, Mahesh; "Construction Equipment and its Planning and Application
- 5. Dharwadker, PP; "Management in Construction Industry", , Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 6. Gahlot PS; Dhir, BM; "Construction Planning and Management", Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi
- 7. Softwares:
  - (a) MS Project Microsoft USA
  - (b) Primavera

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Periods)	Marks Allotted
		(%)
1	06	06
2	12	12
3	06	06
4	06	06
5	10	08
6	04	04
7	08	08
8	10	11
9	20	22
10	14	17
Total	96	100

## 6.4 ADVANCED CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

L T P Periods/ Week 4 - -

#### **RATIONALE**

This is an applied technology subject. In this subject, knowledge regarding earth work, construction of high rise buildings and precast and pre stressed concreting operations and piles has been given.

#### **DETAILED CONTENTS**

1. Earth Work (20 Periods)

- 1.1 Excavation in ordinary and hard soils, excavation in soft and hard rock, blasting techniques excavation in weak soils
- 1.2 Side slopes of excavation; minimum working space at bottom, shoring strutting
- 1.3 Dewatering technique pumping and well points
- 1.4 Disposal of spoil and balancing
- 1.5 Safety aspects
- 1.6 Embankments, compaction of earth fills, protection and drainage of embankments
- 2. High Rise Construction

(12 Periods)

- 2.1 Construction techniques for high rise buildings
- 2.2 Construction techniques for chimneys and cooling towers
- 3. Precast and Prestressed Concrete Construction

(20 Periods)

- 3.1 Introduction of prestressed concrete, general theory. Linear post tensioning general, post tensioning advantages to the design engineer and the contractor
- 3.2 Linear post tensioning system, high strength post tensioned stands, parallel lay wire, high strength alloy steel bars
- 3.3 Techniques of post tensioning general, special requirements for forming and false work, ducts or tendons, concreting, stressing procedure, grouting, protecting anchorage from corrosion
- 3.4 Pretensioning general, pretensioning yards set up, forms for pretensioned structural elements, special techniques of pretensioning

- 3.5 Materials of prestressing cement, aggregates concrete, admixtures, vibration, curing, light weight aggregates, high strength steel bars, high strength stand, stress relaxation, galvanization. Codes specifications and inspection, manufacturers of prestressing equipment, specifications, sizes and costs
- 4. Piles (12 Periods)
  Piles; basic piling methods for various types of piles, methods of pile driving, non displacement piles, problems in pile construction, pile testing

Note: To visit high rise buildings and flyovers construction site and their report writing

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The subject shall consist of visits by the students to various construction sites where they shall see the heavy construction works. They shall also contact the representatives of the manufacturers of various construction equipment and collect information from practical demonstration, discussions and technical information received from the firms.

## RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Gupta, Sushil Kumar, Singla, DR. and juneja BM, "A Text Book of Building Construction"; Ludhiana Katson Publishing House.
- 2. Deshpande, RS and Vartak, GV; "A Text Book of Building Construction"; Poona United Book Corporation.
- 3. Kulkarni, GJ; "A Text Book of Building Construction"; Ahmedabad Book Depot.
- 4. Arora, SP and Bindra, SP; "A Text Book of Building Construction"; New Delhi Dhanpt Rai and Sons.
- 5. Sharma, SK and Kaul, BK; "A Text Book of Building Construction"; Delhi, S Chand and Corporation
- 6. Sushil Kumar; "Building Construction"; Delhi Standard Publishers Distributors.
- 7. Moorthly, NKR; "A Text Book of Building Construction"; Poona, Engineering Book Publishing Corporation
- 8. N.Krishna Raju, "Prestressed Concrete", Tata McGraw Hills, New Delhi
- 9. P Dayaratnam, "Prestressed Conctrete, "Laxmi Publication, New Delhi

Topic No.	Time Allotted	Marks Allotted (%)
	(Periods)	
1	20	30
2	12	20
3	20	30
4	12	20
Total	64	100

#### 6.5 ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONTROL

L T P

Periods/Week 4 - -

## **RATIONALE**

Civil Engineering diploma holders must have the knowledge of different types of environmental aspects related to development activities so that they may help in maintaining the ecological balance and control pollution. They should also be aware of the related environmental laws for effectively combating environmental pollution. The class room instructions should be supplemented by field visits to show the pollution caused by urbanization and the combatment measures being adopted at site. Extension lectures by experts may be encouraged.

## **DETAILED CONTENTS**

1. Study of Importance of Environmental Engineering

(04 periods)

Importance of clean environment, control of environmental pollution with respect to air, land and water. Conservation of natural resources, environmental education and awareness, sustainable development.

2. Water Pollution

(06 periods)

Causes of pollution in surface and underground water eutrophication of lakes and its preventing measure; BIS standards for water quality.

3. Air Pollution

(09 periods)

Definition, principal air pollutants, atmospheric parameters influencing air pollution, types of air contaminants and their sources, effects of air pollution on human beings, plants, animals, automobile pollution, BIS ambient air quality standards and measures to combat air pollution

4. Noise Pollution

(05 periods)

Definition, unit of measurement of noise, sources and effects of noise pollution and control of noise pollution

5. Effects of mining, blasting and deforestation

(04 periods)

Ill effects of mining, blasting and deforestation on the environment human life and wild life.

6. Land Use (08 periods)

Effect of land use on environmental quality, land use and natural disasters, (land slides etc) soil degradation problems - erosion, water logging, soil pollution etc.

7. Environmental Impact Assessment

(08 periods)

Definition and requirements, environmental impact assessment. Flour chart of environmental impact assessment methodology. Describe the need and importance of EIA.

8. Legislation to Control Environmental Pollution (idea)

(05 periods)

Indian legislative acts for water, land and air pollution control – provisions, scope and implementation

9. Global Issues of Environmental Engineering

(07 periods)

Global warming, ozone depletion, acid rain, oil pollution; radiation hazards and their control, concept of clean technology and carbon credits.

10. Renewable Source of Energy

(08 periods)

Role of non-conventional sources of energy (biogas, solar, wind etc) in environmental protection. Conservation of energy resources like coal, oil etc., alternative fuels, biodiesel etc.

## INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Students should be encouraged to undertake project work related to environmental problems. They should visit industrial effluent treatment plant, water treatmet plant and environmental engineering laboratory and study the impact of utilization of reclaimed by products

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Deswal DS and Deswal SS "Environmental Engineering" Dhanpat Rai and Company (P) Ltd., Delhi
- 2. Odum EP, "Fundamentals of Ecology", Amarind Publication Co., Delhi
- 3. Dhamija SK "Environmental Engineering and Management; SK Kataria and Sons, Delhi

- 4. De AK, "Engineers Chemistry", New Age Publication, Delhi
- 5. Kendeigh SC, "Ecology", Prentice Hall of India, Delhi
- 6. Khitoliya, RK, "Environmental Pollution", S Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi
- 7. Bhatia, HS, "A text book of Environmental Pollution and Control", Galgotia. Publishers, Delhi

Topic No.	Time Allotted (Periods)	Marks Allotted
		(%)
1	04	04
2	06	10
3	09	16
4	05	08
5	04	06
6	08	12
7	08	12
8	05	08
9	07	12
10	08	12
Total	64	100

#### 6.6 STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS

L T P

Periods/Week - - 8

## **RATIONALE**

Diploma holders in Civil Engineering are required to supervise the construction of RC and steel structures. Thus one should be able to read and interpret structural drawings of RC and steel structures. The competence to read and interpret structural drawings is best learnt by being able to draw these drawings. Hence there is a need to have a subject devoted to preparation of structural drawings.

# **DETAILED CONTENTS**PART A

## **Drawing Exercises**

## 1. RC Structures:

Reinforcement details from the given data for the following structural elements with bar bending schedules

- (i) Drawing No. 1: RC Slabs One way slab and Two way slab.
- (ii) Drawing No.2: Beams Singly and doubly reinforced rectangular beams and Cantilever beam (All beams with vertical stirrups)
- (iii) Drawing No.3 : Columns and Footings Square, Rectangular and Circular Columns with lateral ties and their isolated sloped column footings.
- (iv) Drawing No. 4: Portal Frame Three bay two storey RC portal frame with blow up of column beam junctions.
- (v) Drawing No.5: Dog legged stairs for single storey building
- (vi) Drawing No.6: Draw atleast one sheet using CAD software

## PART B

#### 2. Steel Structures:

Structural drawing from given data for following steel structural elements.

- (i) Drawing No. 1: Roof Truss Drawing of Fink Roof Truss with details of joints, fixing details of purlins and roof sheets.
- (ii) Drawing No.2: Column and Column Bases Drawing of splicing of steel columns. Drawings of slab base, gusseted base and grillage base for single section steel columns.

- (iii) Drawing No.3: Column Beam Connections
  - (a) Sealed and Framed Beam to Beam Connections
  - (b) Sealed and Framed beam o Column Connections
- (iv) Drawing No. 4: Plate Girder

Plan and Elevation of Plate Girder with details at supports and connection of stiffness, flange angles and cover plate with web highlighting curtailment of plates.

(v) Drawing No. 5 : Draw atleast one sheet using CAD software

## **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Layal JS "Civil Engineering Drawing", Satya Parkashan, New Delhi
- 2. Chandel RP "Civil Engineering Drawings"
- 3. Kumar; NS "Civil Engineering Drawing" IPH, New Delhi
- 4. Malik RS and Meo GA, "Civil Engineering Drawing" Asian Publishing House, New Delhi
- 5. Singh, Birinder "RCC Design and Drawing" Kaption Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 6. Singh, Birinder "Steel Structures Design and Drawing", Kaption Publishing House, New Delhi
- 7. Singh, Harbhajan, "Structural Drawings", Abhishek Publishers, Chandigarh
- 8. B.V. Sikka, Civil Engineering Drawing.

## 6.7 MAJOR PROJECT WORK (INDUSTRY/FIELD ORIENTED - PRACTICE BASED)

L T P

As far as possible students should be given live project problems with a view to:

- i) Develop understanding regarding the size and scale of operations and nature of field work in which students are going to play their role after completing the courses of study.
- ii) Develop understanding of subject based knowledge given in the classroom in the context of its application at work places.
- iii) Provide first hand experience to develop confidence amongst the students to enable them to use and apply classroom based knowledge and skills to solve practical problems of the world of work.
- iv) Develop special skills and abilities like interpersonal skills, communication skills, attitudes and values.

For the fulfillment of above objectives, polytechnics may establish close linkage with 8-10 relevant organization for providing such an experience. It is necessary that each organization is visited well in advance by respective teachers and activities to be performed by students are well defined. The chosen activities should be such which are of curricular interest to students and of professional value to industrial/field organizations. Each teacher is expected to supervise and guide 5 - 6 students.

Effort should be made to identify actual field problems to be given as project work to the students. Project selected should not be too complex which is beyond the comprehension level of the students. The placement of the students for such a practical cum project work should match with the competency profile and interest of students. Students may be assessed both by industry and polytechnic faculty. The suggested performance criteria is given below:

a)	Punctuality and regularity	10
b)	Initiative in learning/working at site	10
c)	Level/proficiency of practical skills acquired	10
d)	Sense of responsibility	10
e)	Self expression/Communication skills	10
f)	Interpersonal skills	10
g)	Report writing skills	20
h)	Viva voce	20

**Some of suggested projects are given below:** These are only guidelines, teacher may take any project related to Civil Engineering depending upon the availability of projects. Preference should be given to practical oriented projects.

According to the need of the polytechnic, the following major projects are suggested:

- 1. Construction of a small concrete road consisting of following activities
  - Survey and preparation of site plan
  - Preparation of drawings i.e. L-Section and X-Section
  - Estimating earth work
  - Preparation of sub grade with stone ballast
  - Laying of concrete
  - Testing of slump, casting of cubes and testing
  - Material estimating and costing with specifications
  - Technical report writing
- 2. Water Supply system for a one or two villages
  - Surveying
  - Design of water requirements and water distribution system
  - Preparation of drawing of overhead tank
  - Material estimating and costing
  - Specifications
  - Technical report writing
- 3. Construction of seating benches in polytechnic campus
- 4. Welding of angle iron and Expanded metal jali to prepare fencing in polytechnic campus
- 5. Construction of toilets and baths for a shopping complex in a township
- 6. Construction of bridal path 4 kms long
- 7. Construction of shopping complex by detailing of RCC drawings, estimating and costing of material
- 8. Rainwater harvesting
  - Assessment of catchment's area
  - Intensity of rainfall
  - Collection of water
  - Soak pit design
  - Supply of water
  - Monitoring during rainy season
- 9. Design and construction of septic tank with soak pit for 100 users
- 10. Preparing plumbing detailed drawings of a two storey building and material estimate and costing
- 11. Planning and design of sports stadium in a township or cluster of villages

- 12. Design of small residential building including structural members, specifications, estimating and costing of materials, report writing and municipal drawings for water supply and sewerage system
- 13. Concrete Mix Design
- 14. Construction of concrete cubes by mixing appropriate quantity of fly ash with fibres
  - (i) the fibres like polypropylene, carbon, steel etc. can be used
  - (ii) students will show the comparison between concrete mixed with fibres verses the quality controlled concrete.
- 15. Estimation and designing of Highway Road
  - (i) Reconniance survey of proposed road
  - (ii) To take L section and cross sections
  - (iii) Fixing of grades
  - (iv) Estimation of cutting and filling of earth mass
  - (v) Plane tabling survey of proposed road
  - (vi) Estimation of proposed road
- 16. Designing a small height gravity dam
  - (i) Constructing of catchment area
  - (ii) Calculating the reservoir capacity
  - (iii) Designing of gravity dam by taking into account various forces
- 17. Designing of ferro-cement water tank and toilet. Testing of the ferro-cement products in civil engineering labs.

Note: The projects undertaken should be field oriented

#### 6.8 SURVEY CAMP

## **10 Days Duration**

## **Purpose**

- a) Making the students conversant with the camp life
- b) Providing an opportunity to the students to develop team spirit
- c) Training the students to communicate with the local population
- d) To impart intensive training in the use of all surveying instruments viz. Theodolite, Dumpy level, Compass, tachometer etc.
- e) To train the students to appreciate practical difficulties in surveying on the field
- f). To train the students for self management

#### Task:

Preparation of topographical plan of a given area. The survey camp will be organized for a duration of 10 days time span.

The students may be assigned an undulated area of about 1.5 to 2.00 sq.km. with level difference of 15m consisting of good number of physical features such as buildings, roads, bridges, culverts, railway tracks, electric lines etc. They are required to prepare the topographic map of above areas showing various features along with contours using a suitable contour intervals. They will mark a road alignment of given gradient connecting any two stations on the map consisting some horizontal and vertical curves and will prepare estimate of earthwork and submit the detailed technical report indicating therein practical difficulties faced during surveying for the features like ridge, line, valley lines, saddle cliffs etc.

The students should be divided in the groups consisting of 5-7 in numbers. They are required to submit the Report of work done, during survey camp, which will be dully examined, while awarding the internal assessment.

#### 6.9 EMPLOYABLE SKILLS

LTP

Periods per week - - 4

#### **RATIONALE**

Diploma holders are required to not only possess subject related knowledge but also soft skills to get good jobs and to rise steadily at their workshop. This subject is included to develop employability skills amongst the students

## **DETAILED CONTENTS**

- 1. Industrial Scenario Engineering Education and expectations of competences from an engineer by employer (04 period)
- 2. Personality types, characteristic and features for a successful engineer

(04 period)

- 3. Professional Engineer desirable values and ethics and their development. Relation between engineering profession, society and environment (04 period)
- 4. Managing project

(16 period)

- Leadership
- Motivation
- Time management
- Resource management
- Computer Software
- Interpersonal relationship
- Engineer economics and fundamentals
- 5. Effective Communication

(08 period)

- Listening
- Speaking
- Writing
- Presentation Technique/Seminar
- Group discussion
- 6. Preparing for Employment

(08 period)

- Searching for job/job hunting
- Resume Writing
- Interview technique in personal interview telephonic interview, panel interview, group interview, video conference
- 7. Managing Self

(06 period)

- Managers body, mind, emotion and spirit
- Stress Management
- Conflict resolution

8. Continuing professional development

(04 period)

- Organising learning and knowledge
- Use of computer for organising knowledge resource
- 9. Creativity, Innovation and Intellectual property right

(06 period)

- Concept and need in present time for an engineer
- 10. Basic rules, laws and norms to be adhered by engineers during their working (04 period)